

5552 CERRITOS AVE., SUITE B, CYPRESS, CA 90630 TELEPHONE: (714) 220-2777 • (213) 926-7582

October 20, 1987

Mr. Richard A. DeBeikes, Jr. Managing Partner Halferty & DeBeikes Properties 2300 Michelson Drive, Suite 200 Irvine, CA 92715-1336

Subject:

Report, Soil Sampling and Chemical Analysis

American Cushion Manufacturing Property in

Whittier, California

GEOFON Project No. 87-203

Dear Mr. DeBeikes:

This letter report presents the results of soil chemical analysis and our recommended cleanup program for the abandoned American Cushion Manufacturing property (site) located at 12353 East Whittier Boulevard in Whittier, California. Figure 1 (Site Plan) shows areas of suspected contamination and soil sampling locations.

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND

In September 1987, International Technology Corporation (IT) of Irvine, California performed a preliminary environmental assessment of the site. The findings of these studies were presented in a draft report entitled, "Preliminary Environmental Assessment Report, American Cushion Manufacturing Company, Whittier, California" (September 1987). We understand from this report that IT collected soil samples from three suspected contamination areas within the property (see Figure 1). In each area, samples were obtained from various locations to a maximum depth of 3 feet. Samples from each area were composited into one sample in the laboratory prior to chemical analysis. These samples were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and inorganic persistent and bioaccumulative toxic substances (metals).

Laboratory results of these samples indicate presence of some contaminants in Area 1 (soil strip located west of the site between building and property fence line) and Area 3 (Dip Tank Area). To further investigate the vertical extent of contamination, Halferty & DeBeikes retained GEOFON on September 21, 1987. The intent was to obtain soil samples in the three areas from depths of 3 and 5 feet for chemical analysis. The following is the scope of work and the results of investigations performed by GEOFON.

## 2.0 REVIEW OF EXISTING INFORMATION

The laboratory results of composite soil samples obtained by IT from three suspected contamination areas (see Figure 1, Table 1 and Table 2) indicate the following:

- In Area 1 The concentration of total petroleum hydrocarbons are up to 500 milligrams per kilogram (ppm).
  - The concentrations of arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, and zinc are below Total Threshold Limit Concentrations (TTLC).
  - Performing a calculation on the levels of total substances found in the soil results in the levels of soluble substances (except lead) below the STLC (see Table 2).
- In Area 2 The concentration of bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate is on the order of 5 ppm.
  - The concentrations of metals (except lead) are below STLC.
  - The concentration of total lead is below TTLC.
  - Performing a calculation on the level of total lead found in the soil results in the level of soluble lead below the STLC.
- In Area 3 The concentration of TPH is up to 200 ppm.
  - The concentrations of metals are below STLC.
  - The concentration of bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate is 11 ppm.
  - The concentration of pyrene is 4 ppm.

# 3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

Based on the above information, on September 23 and October 13, 1987, GEOFON obtained soil samples from depths of 3 and 5 feet in Area 1 and from a depth of 5 feet in Area 2 and Area 3. These samples were obtained using a hand auger and transferred to ziplocked bags and labeled accordingly. The samples were hand delivered to West Coast Analytical Laboratories in Santa Fe Springs under GEOFON's Chain-of-Custody Record.

In the laboratory, the samples were analyzed for TPH using EPA Method 418.1. Also, the sample obtained from 3 feet in Area 1 was analyzed for total lead using EPA Method 6020, and the samples obtained from 5 feet in Area 2 and Area 3 were analyzed for semi-volatile organics using EPA Method 8270.

The results of the laboratory analyses received on September 30 and October 16 indicate that the concentration of total lead to be below the STLC value. Also, the concentrations of semi-volatile organics found in the soil sample were below the Drinking Water Action Levels recommended by the State Department of Health Services. Concentrations of TPH found in the samples collected at Area 1 from depths of 3 and 5 feet are at 340 and 81 ppm, respectively.

TPH concentration in the sample taken from a depth of 5 feet in Area 2 and Area 3 is at trace amount, less than 10 ppm. A copy of the laboratory report is attached to this letter. Table 2 is a summary of laboratory results for chemicals detected in the soil samples.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The laboratory results indicate that the concentrations of total lead and semi-volatile organics in the soil samples collected by GEOFON are below action levels. The concentration of total petroleum hydrocarbons in the samples collected from a depth of 5 feet at Area 1, Area 2, and Area 3 are at 81 ppm, trace (less than 10 ppm), and not detected (less than 10 ppm), respectively. Although there is no cleanup action level set for petroleum hydrocarbons, in most similar cases, a 100 ppm TPH level is considered to be the approximate cleanup action level.

The laboratory results of soil samples collected by GEOFON and IT, suggest that the contamination found in Area 1 and Area 3 decreases with depth. At 5 feet in Area 1, the concentration of TPH is below 100 ppm.

Based on these findings, we recommend that Halferty & DeBeikes undertake the following remediation program.

- Remove the building, the dip tanks, and the painting booth; and dispose of them appropriately.
- Excavate contaminated soils to a depth of five feet from the Dip Tank Area (Area 3) and the soil strip located on the west side of the property (Area 1) and dispose of them in an appropriate landfill facility.

The above conclusions and recommendations are based on information collected during this study and our best judgment. For the purpose of our evaluation, it was assumed that the tested soil samples are representative of the general soil deposits.

Halferty & DeBeikes is responsible for informing the regulatory agencies of the findings at the site and obtaining required concurrence on the cleanup program. Further, Halferty & DeBeikes is responsible for obtaining approval for disposal of contaminated material in an appropriate landfill from the regulatory agencies and seeking a final approval of the actual site cleanup.

GEOFON is pleased to assist Halferty & DeBeikes on this project. If there are any questions regarding this report, please contact us.

Very truly yours, GEOFON, Inc.

S. Javad Masoudi

Savad Marautia

Project Manager

Alexander I. Khan, P.E.

President

Enclosures: Figure 1 - Site Plan and Soil Sampling Locations

Table 1 - Summary of Soil Sampling Program

Table 2 - Summary of Laboratory Results

Laboratory Report

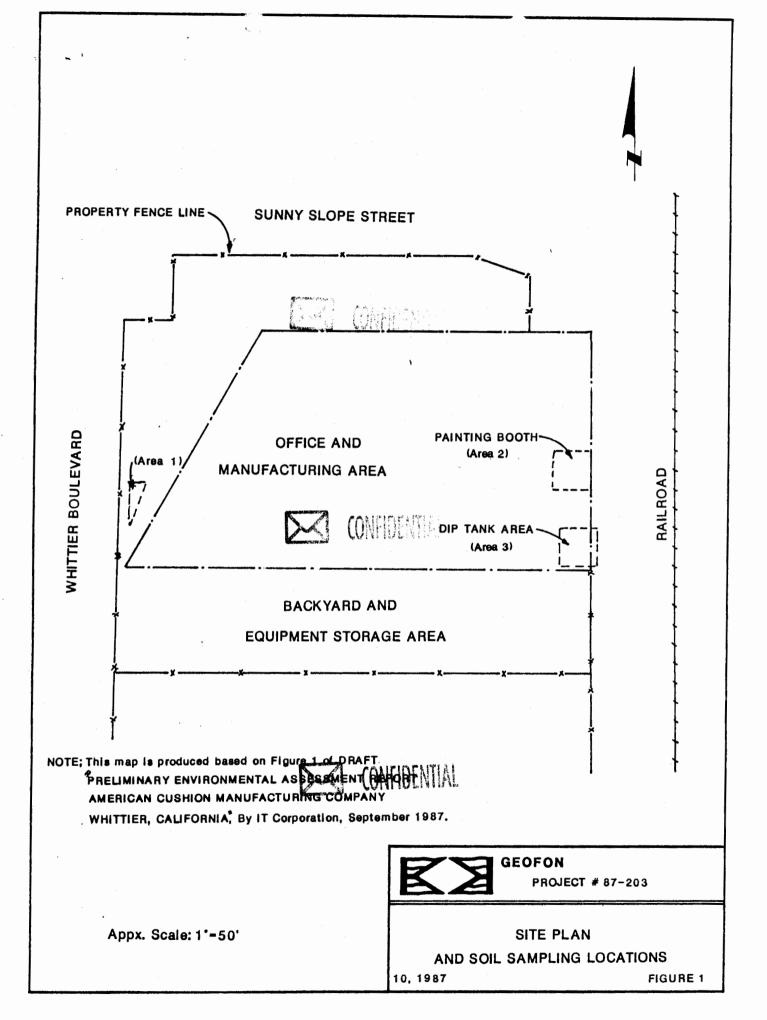


TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLING PROGRAM

AREA NO.	LOCATION	SAMPLED BY	SAMPLING DATE	NO. OF SAMPLES	SAMPLING DEPTH (ft)	NO. OF COMPOS.	SAMPLE I.D. NO.
1	Soil strip located west of the site between building and west property fence line	IT	8/10/87	3	1, 2, 3	1	B <sub>1</sub> Comp
1	As above	GEOFON	9/23/87	1	3	1	$C_1$ D
1	As above	GEOFON	9/23/87	" <b>1</b>	5	1	C, E
2	Painting Booth Area	IT	8/10/87	2	1, 2	1	B <sub>2</sub> Comp
2	As above	GEOFON	9/23/87	1	5	1	C <sub>3</sub> E
3	Dip Tank Area	т	8/10/87	4	0, 1, 2, 3	1	B <sub>3</sub> Comp
3	As above	GEOFON	10/13/87	1	5	1	$C_2^{}E$

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

#### CONCENTRATION (ppm)

SAMPLE I.D. NO.	TPH B	IS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	ISOPHORONE	PYRENE	ARSENIC	CADMIUM	COPPER	LEAD	ZINC
B <sub>1</sub> Comp.	500	ND (3.0)	ND (3.0)	ND (3.0)	11.0*	2.0*	30.0*	98.1**	431.0*
C, D	340	NA	· NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2	NA
C, E	81	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B <sub>2</sub> Comp.	NA	5.0	ND (0.3)	ND (0.3)	2.4	0.8	12.0	8.4*	42.0
C <sub>3</sub> E	TR (10)	3.6	0.11	ND (0.03)	NA T	NA	NA	NA	NA
B <sub>3</sub> Comp.	200	11.0	ND (3.0)	4.0	2.2	0.6	11.0	2.2	33.3
C <sub>2</sub> E	ND (10)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.03)	· NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DWAL	NAL	NAL	NAL	NAL					
TTLC					500	100	2500	1000	5000
STLC					5.0	1.0	25.0	5.0	250
ppm -		ion equivalent to mill oil or one liter of wa		e in one	TŖ -	This compound was which is stated in the		low the detection l	evel
TPH -	Total petroleur	m hydrocarbons			• -	Concentration exceed	s the Total Thresho	old Limit Concentra	ation (TTLC)
ND -	Not detected at	or above the amount	t stated in the table			for Persistent and Title 22, Californi Article 11, Section 6	a Administrative C	oxic Substances, ode, Division 4,	Chapter 30,
NA -	Not analyzed				STLC -	Soluble Threshold L	imit Concentration is	n milligrams per l	iter.
NAL -	No Action Leve	el			TTLC -	Total Threshold Lin	•		
TR -		was present, but was stated in the table.	as below the detecti	on	** -	The concentration of applying a 10-fold re	this substance is a		
DWAL -	Drinking Wate Health Service	r Action Level recom	nmended by State De	epartment of	NOTE:	For determining the California Waste Erequires 50 grams extraction solution.	concentrations of so xtraction Test can of sample to be ex Therefore, the sam	be performed. T extracted into 500	his procedure milliliters of

October 15, 1987

GEOFON, INC.

5552 Cerritos Avenue, Suite B

Cypress, CA 90630

Attn: J. Masoudi

JOB NO. 7419



WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

#### LABORATORY REPORT

Samples Received: One (1) soil sample

Date Received: 10-13-87

Purchase Order No: 0111/Project No: 87-203

The sample was analyzed as follows:

Samples Analyzed	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Results</u>

C2E Semi-volatile organics - Data Sheets

EPA 8270

C2E Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons- Table I

EPA 418.1

TABLE I

Parts Per Million

Sample No. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

C2E ND

Detection Limit 10

Date Analyzed: 10/14/87

Page 1 of 1

Mary Stordal

Analytical Chemist

B. Michael Hovanec Senior Staff Chemist

CLIENT: GEOFON, INC.

SAMPLE: C2E

ANALYSIS TYPE: EPA METHOD 625 (8270)

#### ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA RESULTS

DATE RECEIVED: 10/13/87 GCMS FILENAME: 7419B1 LEVEL: LOW MATRIX: SOIL DATE PREPARED: 10/14/87 DATE ANALYZED: 10/14/87

STANDARD ID: BNAZ219 INSTRUMENT ID: 4500

SAMPLE AMOUNT: 30G:1ML

CAS #	COMPOUND	CONC:	UG/KG(PPB)	DETECTION LIMIT
108-95-2	PHENOL		ND	30.
111-44-4	BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER		ND	30.
95-57-8	2-CHLOROPHENOL	,	ND	30.
541-73-1	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
106-46-7	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
100-51-6	BENZYL ALCOHOL		ND	30.
95-50-1	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
95-48-7	2-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
39638-32-9	BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ETHER		ND	30.
106-44-5	4-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
621-64-7	N-NITROSODIPROPYLAMINE		ND	30.
67-72-1	HEXACHLOROETHANE		ND	30.
98-95-3	NITROBENZENE		ND	30.
78 <b>-</b> 59-1	ISOPHORONE		ND	30.
88-75-5	2-NITROPHENOL		ND	30.
105-67-9	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
65-85-0	BENZOIC ACID		ND	200.
111-91-1	BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE		ND	30.
120-33-2	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL		ND	30.
120-82-1	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
91-20-3	NAPHTHALENE		ND	30.
106-47-8	4-CHLOROANILINE		ND	30.
87-68-3	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	-	ND	30.
59-50-7	4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
91-57-6	2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE		ND	30.
77-47-4	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE		ND	30.
88-06-2	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL		ND	30.
95-95-4	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL		ND	200.
91-58-7	2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE		ND	30.
88-74-4	2-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
131-11-3	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
208-96-8	ACENAPHTHYLENE		ND	30.
99-09-2	3-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
83-32-9	ACENAPHTHENE		ND	30.
51-28-5	2,4-DINITROPHENOL		ND	200.
100-02-7	4-NITROPHENOL		ND	200.
132-64-9	DIBENZOFURAN		ND	30.
121-14-2	2,4-DINITROTOLUENE		ND	30.
606-20-2	2,6-DINITROTOLUENE		ND	30.

With the

CLIENT: GEOFON, INC.

SAMPLE: C2E

ANALYSIS TYPE: EPA METHOD 625 (8270)

#### ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA RESULTS

DATE RECEIVED: 10/13/87 GCMS FILENAME: 7419B1 LEVEL: LOW MATRIX: SOIL

DATE PREPARED: 10/14/87 DATE ANALYZED: 10/14/87

STANDARD ID: BNAZ219 INSTRUMENT ID: 4500

SAMPLE AMOUNT: 30G:1ML

				DETECTION
CAS #	COMPOUND	CONC:	UG/KG(PPB)	LIMIT
84-66-2	DIETHYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
7005-72-3			ND	30.
86-73-7	FLUORENE		ND	30.
100-01-6	4-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
534-52-1	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL		ND	200.
86-30-6	N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE		ND	30.
101-55-3	4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER		ND	30.
118-74-1	HEXACHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
87-86-5	PENTACHLOROPHENOL		ND	200.
85-01-8	PHENANTHRENE		ND	30.
120-12-7	ANTHRACENE		ND	30.
84-74-2	DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
206-44-0	FLUORANTHENE		ND	30.
129-00-0	PYRENE		ND	30.
85-68-7	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
91-94-1	3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE		ND	70.
56-55-3	BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE		ND	30.
117-81-7	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE		ND	30.
218-01-9	CHRYSENE		ND	30.
117-84-0	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
205-99-2	BENZO (B & K) FLUORANTHENES		ND	30.
50-32-8	BENZO (A) PYRENE		ND	30.
193-39-5	INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE		ND	30.
53-70-3	DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE		ND	30.
191-24-2	BENZO (GHI) PERYLENE		ND	30.

CLIENT: GEOFON, INC. SAMPLE: C2E

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

FRACTION CONCENTRATION COMPOUND NAME UG/KG(PPB)

1 NONE FOUND

BNA

# Data Reporting Qualifiers

- Value If the result is a value greater than or equal to the Detection Limit (DL), the value is reported.
- ND Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. The minimum DL for the sample with the ND is reported based on necessary concentration or dilution actions.
- TR Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified DL but greater than zero.

BEOFON, Inc. i552 Cerritos Avenue, Suite B Cypress, CA 90630

# CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

R/A Control No.

R. 87 - 203-2

C/C Control No. 687 - 203.2

LAB DESTINATION

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL.

AMPLE TEAM MEMBERS

Received By:

RASU ABRAHAM.

ROJECT NAME/NUMBER AME. Calker /82-203

CARRIER/WAYBILL NO.

Sample Number	Sample Location and Description	Date and Time Collected	Sample Type	Container Type	Condition on Receipt (Name and Date)	Disposal Record No.
C <sub>2</sub> E	5' Lepth , Diptank Area	10/13/87, 10:30		Glass	600d, 10/13/87	
				Ĝ.		
	The second second					
pecial In	nstructions: Mac					
essible S	Sample Hazards: Residuel new	volatile organics				
	S: (Name, Company, Date and Time					
Relino	quished By:		3. Reli	nquished By:		
Receiv	ved By:	#7419	Rece	ived By:		
Relino	quished By:					

September 16, 1987

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

To Our Clients:

The California Department of Health Services (DHS) has dictated that certified Hazardous Waste Testing laboratories must confirm positive GC test results by either a second column GC test or GCMS on at least 5% of the samples. WCAS supports this latest ruling. A copy of the DHS ruling is enclosed.

WCAS has <u>always</u> confirmed GC test results for pesticides (EPA 608, 614), solvents (EPA 601/602), and others whenever we felt it was necessary. Our practice is:

Pesticides (608,614)	100% confirmed by 2nd column GC GCMS confirmation on high concentrations.
Solvents (601,602)	Confirmation by GCMS whenever there are co-eluting peaks or questionable results.

Pesticides and solvents are the two analyses most impacted by this ruling. Fuel hydrocarbons (EPA mod 8015), PCBs, and a few others that give characteristic chromatographic patterns are exempted from confirmation.

Since the cost of additional analysis is often passed on to you, our client, we thought you should be aware of these facts so that you can plan your projects accordingly. We suggest that the most cost effective way to satisfy these DHS requirements is to routinely choose the worse case samples to be analyzed by GCMS, at least one per site. In addition, WCAS has always encouraged Quality Assurance measures such as field blanks, field duplicates, and blind spikes.

If you have any further questions, please call us or DHS.

Dr.	Jack Northington	WCAS	213-948-2225
Dr.	Fred Seto	DHS	415-540-3105
Dr.	Robert Stephens	DHS	415-540-3003

## Second Column or GC/MS Confirmation

Effective September 1, 1987, all laboratories certified by the Department under Health and Safety Code Section 25198 to perform hazardous waste testing are required to use second column or GC/MS confirmation for all positive results in gas chromatographic organic analysis unless exempted in the following situations:

- The analytes of interest can produce gas chromatograms containing "pattern" peaks which match appropriate standards. These analytes include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), hydrocarbon fuels (e.g., gasoline), and toxaphene, or
- 2. The sample is analyzed for benzene, toluene, and xylenes (BTX) for gasoline tank removal purposes and the same sample was found to contain gasoline by a separate analysis. However, the presence of BTX in a sample containing no gasoline must be confirmed, or
- 3. The samples meet all of the following requirements:
  - a. All samples (liquid or solid) come from the same source, e.g., groundwater samples from the same well, for continuous monitoring. However, samples of same matrix from the same site but from different sources (different sampling locations) are not exempted.
  - b. All chemical parameters have been previously analyzed, identified, and confirmed by a second column or GC/MS. The laboratory must have the necessary documents indicating previous confirmation.
  - c. The resulting gas chromatograms are relatively simple and do not contain complex or overlapping peaks.
  - d. Chromatograms are largely unchanged from those for which confirmation was carried out.
  - e. Representative samples must be periodically confirmed at a frequency of at least 5%.

September 29, 1987

SEP 3 0 1987

WEST COAST

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

GEOFON, INC. 5552 Cerritos Avenue, Suite B Cypress, CA 90630

Attn: J. Masoudi

JOB NO. 7216

#### FINAL LABORATORY REPORT

Samples Received: Three (3) soil samples

Date Received: 9-23-87 Purchase Order No: 0109

The samples were analyzed as follows:

Samples Analyzed	<u>Analysis</u>	Results
C3E	Semi-Volatile Organics by EPA 8270	Data Sheets
C1D, C1E, C3E	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA 418.1	Table I
C1D	Total Lead by EPA 6020	Table II

Page 1 of 2

Michael Shelton Senior Chemist D.J. Northington, Ph.D. Technical Director

Geofon

Mr. J. Masoudi

Sample No.

Job # 7216 Sept. 29, 1987

#### FINAL LABORATORY REPORT

#### TABLE I

# Parts Per Million

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

ClD	340	
ClE	81 `	
C3E	TR<10	
Detection Limit	10	

TR - Trace

Date Analyzed: 9-24-87

#### TABLE II

# Parts Per Million

C1D 0.2
Detection Limit: 0.05

Date Analyzed: 9-28-87

Page 2 of 2



CLIENT: GEOFON INC.

SAMPLE: C3E

ANALYSIS TYPE: EPA METHOD 625 (8270)

#### ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA RESULTS

DATE RECEIVED: 09/23/87 GCMS FILENAME: 7216B2 SOIL LEVEL: LOW MATRIX: DATE PREPARED: 09/24/87 DATE ANALYZED: 09/24/87 INSTRUMENT ID: 4500 BNAZ213 STANDARD ID:

SAMPLE AMOUNT: 30G:1ML

CAS #	COMPOUND	CONC:	UG/KG(PPB)	DETECTION LIMIT
108-95-2	PHENOL		ND	30.
111-44-4	BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER		ND	30.
95-57-8	2-CHLOROPHENOL		ND	30.
541-73-1	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
106-46-7	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
100-51-6	BENZYL ALCOHOL		ND	30.
95-50-1	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
95-48-7	2-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
39638-32-9	BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ETHER		ND	30.
106-44-5	4-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
621-64-7	N-NITROSODIPROPYLAMINE		ND	30.
67-72-1	HEXACHLOROETHANE		ND	30.
98-95-3	NITROBENZENE		ND	30.
78-59-1	ISOPHORONE		110.	30.
88-75-5	2-NITROPHENOL		ND	30.
105-67-9	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
65-85-0	BENZOIC ACID		ND	200.
111-91-1	BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE		ND	30.
120-33-2	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL		ND	30.
120-82-1	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
91-20-3	NAPHTHALENE		ND	30.
106-47-8	4-CHLOROANILINE		ND	30.
87-68-3	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE		ND	30.
59-50 <del>-</del> 7	4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL		ND	30.
91-57-6	2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	•	ND	30.
77-47-4	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE		ND	30.
88-06-2	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL		ND	30.
95-95-4	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL		ND	200.
91-58-7	2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE		ND	30.
88-74-4	2-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
131-11-3	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
208-96-8	ACENAPHTHYLENE		ND	30.
99-09-2	3-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
83-32-9	ACENAPHTHENE		ND	30.
51-28-5	2,4-DINITROPHENOL		ND	200.
100-02-7	4-NITROPHENOL		ND	200.
132-64-9	DIBENZOFURAN		ND	30.
121-14-2	2,4-DINITROTOLUENE		ND	30.
606-20-2	2,6-DINITROTOLUENE		ND	30.

WES

CLIENT: GEOFON INC.

SAMPLE: C3E

ANALYSIS TYPE: EPA METHOD 625 (8270)

# ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA RESULTS

DATE RECEIVED: 09/23/87 GCMS FILENAME: 7216B2 LEVEL: LOW MATRIX: SOIL

DATE PREPARED: 09/24/87 DATE ANALYZED: 09/24/87 STANDARD ID: BNAZ213 INSTRUMENT ID: 4500

STANDARD ID: BNAZ213 SAMPLE AMOUNT: 30G:1ML

CAS #	COMPOUND	CONC:	UG/KG(PPB)	DETECTION LIMIT
84-66-2	DIETHYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
7005-72-3	4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER		ND	. 30.
86-73-7	FLUORENE		ND	30.
100-01-6	4-NITROANILINE		ND	200.
534-52-1	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL		ND	200.
86-30-6	N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE		ND	30.
101-55-3	4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER		ND	30.
118-74-1	HEXACHLOROBENZENE		ND	30.
87-86-5	PENTACHLOROPHENOL		ND	200.
85-01-8	PHENANTHRENE		ND	30.
120-12-7	ANTHRACENE		ND	30.
84-74-2	DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
206-44-0	FLUORANTHENE		ND	30.
129-00-0	PYRENE		ND	30.
85-68-7	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
91-94-1	3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE		ND	70.
56-55-3	BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE		ND	30.
117-81-7	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE		3600.	30.
218-01-9	CHRYSENE		ND	30.
117-84-0	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE		ND	30.
205-99-2	BENZO (B & K) FLUORANTHENES		ND	30.
50-32-8	BENZO (A) PYRENE		ND	30.
193-39-5	INDENO(1,2,3-CD) PYRENE		ND	30.
53-70-3	DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE		ИD	30.
191-24-2	BENZO (GHI) PERYLENE		ND	30.

CLIENT: GEOFON INC.

SAMPLE: C3E

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

COMPOUND NAME FRACTION CONCENTRATION

UG/KG(PPB)

1 C7-C9 HYDROCARBONS BNA 5000.

# Data Reporting Qualifiers

- Value If the result is a value greater than or equal to the Detection Limit (DL), the value is reported.
- ND Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. The minimum DL for the sample with the ND is reported based on necessary concentration or dilution actions.
- TR Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used when the mass spectral data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the specified DL but greater than zero.

TWO:C

		REQUEST FOR ANA	T Vere	1 NL. R. 201
				rol No. <u>= 203-1</u>
No.		Lay Noto 87-203 DATE		23/87
	Tang Land <b>Da</b> rag		and the second of the second o	Coast Avalytical.
	i Mies		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	m Daniels.
		SENI	LAB REPORT TO GEOFON, 5552 Cer	
				n: J. MASOUDI
		7.47	REPORT REQUIRED9	125/87
	Sample vier Sample V	olume/Weight Preservativ	re Requested Testing Progr	am Special Instructions
	3.1 2 16	None_	TPH (418-1), soluble bad	sest estectui level
以上的1000年2月1日 1100日 1		United the second secon		
			T CAM metals, Sal	14 8270) Bust Detection leve
CJER	2 5 7	N	N g Semi Volatiles (2	(PR 8270) Bust Detection leve
TURNAROUND TEM	E REQUIRED; Normal	days Rush 48 hours		
			Skin Irritant	Highly Toxic Other
Vol. 1		Disposal by Lat _ 🗸		
FOR LAB USE ON	#7216	Received by May C.	Date/Time 9-23-87 - /:	10pm.

	18 ET - 1800 Section May Co. 87-2031			C/C Control No C 203-J			
			Sample Type	Container Type		on on Receipt e and Date)	Disposal Record No.
C/Z	THE COLUMN	4-30 80,09/21	Snº1	Zip Begs.			
		10.30 pm09/2	1 '	"			
		11.30 PM 02/23/8	,				
COL	772 77277	11:30 Am, 09/23/8	,				
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			<u></u>				<u></u>
	IBZTYIGT ZAYYEZ	Freeze Hydrocarl	ons and	lead			
STEWATIVES		line)		equished By:			
Received			Recei	ved By:		•	
	pol By		W CAR	9-23-	87 9	: 10 p.m.	